

何凯文每日一旬十月上

2018.10.1

今天的句子：

Wouldn't it be great if your smartphone could call your hairdresser and book an appointment? This past May, Google demonstrated software, called Duplex, that can do just that. But consider what it might be like to be on the other end of that conversation—to get a call from a computer sounding like a real human? That's how good the next wave of AI is going to be, and it's not just creepy; it's dangerous. With software like Google's Duplex, bad actors could use bots to impersonate not only people but people you know, such as a friend or family member.

思考题：

It can be inferred from the passage that_____

- (A) even bad actors can play the good role in the family surrounding.
- (B) Google's software can act as the real person to play the bad actors.
- (C) Google's Duplex can use bad actors to imitate family members.
- (D) Google's software can be used by wrong hands to imitate friend.

词汇突破：

hairdresser 发型师

book appointment 预约；定位

demonstrate 展示

creepy 令人毛骨悚然的

impersonate 扮演；模仿；拟人化

第一句：

Wouldn't it be great if your smartphone could call your hairdresser and book an appointment?

切分：

1. Wouldn't it be great
2. if your smartphone could call your hairdresser
3. and book an appointment?

参考译文：如果你的智能手机能电话预约发型师，岂不是很棒？

第二句：

This past May, Google demonstrated software, called Duplex, that can do just that.

切分：

1. This past May,
2. Google demonstrated software (that can do just that)
3. called Duplex

参考译文：今年5月谷歌展示的Duplex软件可以做到这一点。

第三句：

But consider what it might be like to be on the other end of that conversation—to get a call from a computer sounding like a real human?

切分：

1. But consider what it (占位的形式主语) might be like

2. to be on the other end of that conversation (作实际主语的不定式)
3. to get a call from a computer (同位语, 和上面的不定式并列)
4. sounding like a real human (修饰 computer 的定语)

参考译文：但想想身处电话另一端的感觉会是怎样——接到一个计算机来电，但听起来像个真人？

第四句：

That's how good the next wave of AI is going to be, and it's not just creepy; it's dangerous.

切分：

1. That's how good the next wave of AI is going to be (请注意这句话的反讽语气)
2. and it's not just creepy
3. it's dangerous

参考译文：这就是下一次人工智能浪潮的“好处”，不只是令人毛骨悚然，还很危险。

第五句：

With software like Google's Duplex, bad actors could use bots to impersonate not only people but people you know, such as a friend or family member.

切分：

1. With software like Google's Duplex,
2. bad actors could use bots to impersonate...
3. not only people but people you know
4. such as a friend or family member.

参考译文：谷歌 Duplex 这样的软件让坏人不仅能用“机器人程序”扮人，还能扮你认识的人，比如说朋友或家人。

思考题：

It can be inferred from the passage that_____

(A) even bad actors can play the good role in the family surrounding.

拼凑！

(B) Google's software can act as the real person to play the bad actors.

拼凑！

(C) Google's Duplex can use bad actors to imitate family members.

拼凑！

(D) Google's software can be used by wrong hands to imitate friend.

正确！

2018.10.2

今天的句子：

Today no such severe lack exists as that ordered by Frederick. Nevertheless, some children are still backward in speaking. Most often the reason for this is that the mother is insensitive to the signals of the infant, whose brain is programmed to learn language rapidly. If these sensitive periods are neglected, the ideal time for acquiring skills passes and they might never be learned so easily again. A bird learns to sing and to fly rapidly at the right time, but the process is slow and hard once the critical stage has passed.

思考题：

1. The reason some children are backward in speaking is most probably that _____.

[A] they are incapable of learning language rapidly

[B] they are exposed to too much language at once

[C] their mothers respond inadequately to their attempts to speak

[D] their mothers are not intelligent enough to help them

题目的解析：

1. Today no such severe lack exists as that ordered by Frederick.

参考译文：今天不存在像 Frederick 所要求的那种（照顾）的严重缺失。

2. Nevertheless, some children are still backward in speaking.

参考译文：但是有些孩子在说话方面依然落后。

3. Most often the reason for this is that the mother is insensitive to the signals of the infant, whose brain is programmed to learn language rapidly.

参考译文：原因常常就是，婴儿的大脑本来学语言很快，但母亲对于婴儿发出的信号并不敏感。（这个调序是不是很机智！）

4. If these sensitive periods are neglected, the ideal time for acquiring skills passes and they might never be learned so easily again.

参考译文：如果这些敏感期被忽略了，那么获得（语言）技能的理想时期就错过了，这些（孩子）可能就再也不能容易地学习这些技能了。

5. A bird learns to sing and to fly rapidly at the right time, but the process is slow and hard once the critical stage has passed.

参考译文：小鸟在恰当的时间能很快地学会唱歌和飞行，但是一旦这个关键时期错过了这个过程就会变得非常缓慢。

The reason some children are backward in speaking is most probably that _____.

一些孩子在说话方面比较慢，最有可能的原因是什么？

精确定位到第三句：3. Most often the reason for this is that the mother is insensitive to the signals of the infant, whose brain is programmed to learn language rapidly.

参考译文：原因常常就是，婴儿的大脑本来学语言很快，但母亲对于婴儿发出的信号并不敏感。（这个调序是不是很机智！）

尤其是：the mother is insensitive to the signals of the infant

= their mothers respond inadequately to their attempts to speak

他们的母亲对于他们说话的尝试没有做出充分的回应

完美的替换！所以正确答案是 C！

A 和 B 的主语一看就知道不对！

D 选项的主语对了，但是和母亲的智力没有关系！就是看母亲是不是敏感，也就是有没有做出充分的回应！

[A] they are incapable of learning language rapidly

他们不能很快的学习语言。

[B] they are exposed to too much language at once

他们同时面对太多的语言

Be exposed to = be confronted with 面对（绝对必考短语！）

[C] their mothers respond inadequately to their attempts to speak

他们的母亲对于他们说话的尝试没有做出充分的回应

[D] their mothers are not intelligent enough to help them

他们的母亲不够聪明没法帮他们。

2018.10.3

今天的题目：

No company likes to be told it is contributing to the moral decline of a nation. “Is this what you intended to accomplish with your careers?” Senator Robert Dole asked Time Warner executives last week. “You have sold your souls, but must you corrupt our nation and threaten our children as well?” At Time Warner, however, such questions are simply the latest manifestation of the soul-searching that has involved the company ever since the company was born in 1990. It’s a self-examination that has, at various times, involved issues of responsibility, creative freedom and the corporate bottom line.

思考题：

1.Senator Robert Dole criticized Time Warner for _____.

[A] its raising of the corporate stock price

[B] its self-examination of soul

[C] its neglect of social responsibility

[D] its emphasis on creative freedom

今天题目的解析：

1.No company likes to be told it is contributing to the moral decline of a nation.

参考译文：没有一家公司乐意听到别人说自己引起了社会的道德败坏。

2. “Is this what you intended to accomplish with your careers?” Senator Robert Dole asked Time Warner executives last week.

参考译文：参议员罗伯特.多尔上星期质问时代华纳公司高级人员时说：难道这就是你们要成就的事业吗？

3. “You have sold your souls, but must you corrupt our nation and threaten our children as well?”

参考译文：你们已经出卖了自己的灵魂，难道你们还非要腐化我们的国家，威胁我们的孩子吗？

4. At Time Warner, however, such questions are simply the latest manifestation of the soul-searching that has involved the company ever since the company was born in 1990.

参考译文：不过，对于华纳公司而言，这样的质问仅仅体现了（manifestation 名词转译动词）自 1990 年成立以来，其一直在做的自我反思。

5. It’s a self-examination that has, at various times, involved issues of responsibility, creative freedom and the corporate bottom line.

参考译文：这种自我反省在不同时期涉及到责任、创作自由和公司底线等问题。

1.Senator Robert Dole criticized Time Warner for _____.

定位到第三句：

“You have sold your souls, but must you corrupt our nation and threaten our children as well?”

参考译文：你们已经出卖了自己的灵魂，难道你们还非要腐化我们的国家，威胁我们的孩子吗？

再联系第一句：没有一家公司乐意听到别人说自己引起了社会的道德败坏。也就是说时代华纳公司被人指责为：引起了社会的道德败坏

“你们已经出卖了自己的灵魂，难道你们还非要腐化我们的国家，威胁我们的孩子吗？”

=引起了社会的道德败坏=忽略了社会责任 C 是正确答案！

这个行文逻辑非常经典，同意替换的方式也值得关注！词本无意！

其他选项都是 N G

[A] its raising of the corporate stock price

[B] its self-examination of soul

[C] its neglect of social responsibility

[D] its emphasis on creative freedom

2018.10.4

今天的句子：

Tight-lipped elders used to say, “It’s not what you want in this world, but what you get.” Psychology teaches that you do get what you want if you know what you want and want the right things.

思考题：

1 .What do the elders mean when they say, “It’s not what you want in this world, but what you get.” ?

[A] You’ ll certainly get what you want.

[B] It’ s no use dreaming.

[C] You should be dissatisfied with what you have.

[D] It’ s essential to set a goal for yourself.

解析：

Tight-lipped elders used to say, “It’s not what you want in this world, but what you get.”

那些出言谨慎的老人们曾经说：这个世界关键不是你想要什么，而是你得到了什么。

Psychology teaches that you do get what you want if you know what you want and want the right things.

心理学教导我们：如果你知道你想要什么，而且想要的是恰当的事（并且合乎情理），那么你就能得到你想要的。

1 .What do the elders mean when they say, “It’s not what you want in this world, but what you get.” ?

词汇题需要用句间关系解题：

第一句中：used to say 这样第一句就代表了过去的观点；

第二句中：teaches 这样第二句就代表了现在的观点；

考研中如果没有明确说现在的观点和过去的观点相同，那过去的观点就和现在的观点相反。

这样第一句和第二句就是相反观点；

想知道第一句是什么意思，那么就应该找一个和第二句构成反义关系的选项；

我们可以使用代入法做题；

[A] You’ ll certainly get what you want.

我们一定会得到我们想要的。

[B] It’ s no use dreaming.

只做梦是没用的。（只有目标是没有用的）

[C] You should be dissatisfied with what you have.

你应该满足于你得到的。

[D] It’ s essential to set a goal for yourself.

为自己设定一个目标是非常关键的。

如果使用代入法做题我们会发现 D 选项是最不应该选的。

其他几个选项也不构成转折关系。所以 B 是正确答案！

所以选 D 的同学忽略了句间关系。

2018.10.5

1. elect A as B = elect as B A
I elect as my life-long career the teaching. (我选择了教书作为我一生的职业。)
2. psychographically 心理图案地，人格特性地... (这是一个心理分析方法)
3. I' ve referred to this bargain as the "original sin" of the internet 我认为这种协定就是互联网的原罪。
4. to the letter 严格地，不折不扣地
5. though 这个词是一个重要考点!
Though..., 虽然。 ..., though... 虽然。 ..., though, ... 但是! (看好了, 两个逗号之间的 though=however) 。 ..., though. 但是! (放在句子末尾的 though= however)
6. universal scorn 普遍的嘲讽;
7. high-profile 广受人们关注的; 高调的; 反义词: low profile (低调的;
8. burnish 改善, 提升, 打磨, 抛光= polish (常用搭配: burnish the image= polish the image 提升形象)
9. A series of high-profile corporate scandals certainly hasn' t burnished the image of Big Business. Nor has the rise of the shareholder-value movement. 补充和还原第二个句子。The shareholder-value movement has not ished the image of Big Business
10. run counter to 冲突

11. Researchers found only 10 to 20 percent of remarks that prompted laughter to be remotely funny.

研究者发现这些让人笑的言论中只有百分之十到二十有那么一点有趣。

12. the idea is not original to Trump 特朗普不同意这个观点？

特朗普同意这个观点，但不是他首先提出来的。

13. do background checks 进行背景调查

14.Indeed, the share of teachers in a union has fallen to less than half,

实际上，只有不到一半的老师加入工会；

写作练习：为什么考研人数越来越多？

Version1: According to a survey, the share of postgraduate students in elite Internet company, such as Tencent, Alibaba and Baidu, has risen to more than half.

The increase of graduate candidates is driven in part by this fact.

参考译文:根据一项调查，在一些互联网精英企业里，比如腾讯，阿里和百度，研究生的比例已经上升到一半以上。考研人数的增加部分也是因为这一事实。

Version 2:There is a sharp increase in the number of graduate candidates, fueled in part by the fact that the share of postgraduate students in elite Internet company has risen to more than half, a fact revealed by a survey conducted recently.

参考译文：最近一项调查显示，在一些互联网精英企业里，研究生的比例已经上升到一半以上。考研人数的剧烈增加部分也是因为这一事实。

15. In a world that is growing more divided and atomized, it may be guilt—not empathy—that can bring people together. (请翻译) 在这个愈发分裂的世界，把人们团结在一起的也许并非共情，而是内疚感。

16. Next to 请翻译（它还有什么同义词？）

在句中翻译为：除了。牛津例句：Next to skiing my favorite sport is skating. 我最喜欢的运动除了滑雪就是滑冰。

考研英语文章很多时候都会罗列原因，观点和事实等；

所以常用到的表示“除了”含义的手段有：

1. besides 除了；

例句：Besides working as a doctor, he also writes novels in his spare time.

2. In addition to 除了；

3. Aside 除了；（这个词是放在名词后的）

例句：Fund worries aside, staff recruiting is not going well.

除了资金令人担心之外，员工招聘也不顺利。

Obvious practical drawbacks aside, the theoretical ground (理论基础) of this method is not sound (合理). 除开实践中的种种缺陷之外，这个方法的理论基础也不合理。

4. aside from: 例句：Aside from a few scratches, I'm OK. 除了几处擦伤，我安然无恙。

5. Apart from: 例句：Apart from their house in London, they also have a villa in Spain.

6. Adding to A is B 除了A还有B；

7. Added to A is B 除了 A 还有 B;

17. Teflon-like qualities : 特氟龙一样的特质

18. whether tweaking algorithms makes matters better or worse.

(请翻译) 调整算法是使事情变得更好还是更糟

19. simply 有几个意思?

看得太简单,它还可以表示以下意思:

1. 明显地(=clearly): There is simply not enough water.
2. 直接地(=directly): He simply asked me to leave.
3. 仅仅(=solely): He was pursued simply for his connection to the President.
4. 只是(=merely, just): They are simply trying to survive.
5. 强调语气, 可译可不译(=really, literally): The food is simply marvelous.

20. The recent revelations concerning Cambridge Analytica and the involvement in the referendum are serious and troubling. (请翻译)

最近对于剑桥分析的爆料, 以及关于他们在全民公投中的参与情况的披露, 确实令人感到事态严重。

2018.10.6

今天的题目：

Supporters of the new super systems argue that these mergers will allow for substantial cost reductions and better coordinated service. Any threat of monopoly, they argue, is removed by fierce competition from trucks. But many shippers complain that for heavy bulk commodities traveling long distances, such as coal, chemicals, and grain, trucking is too costly and the railroads therefore have them by the throat.

思考题：

According to those who support mergers, railway monopoly is unlikely because _____.

- [A] cost reduction is based on competition
- [B] services call for cross-trade coordination
- [C] outside competitors will continue to exist
- [D] shippers will have the railway by the throat

词汇突破：

1.have somebody

今天题目的解析：

1.Supporters of the new super systems argue that these mergers will allow for substantial cost reductions and better coordinated service.

新的超级系统的支持者认为这些合并将会带来（allow for）大幅的费用降低和更好的协调服务

2.Any threat of monopoly, they argue, is removed by fierce competition from trucks.

他们认为任何由垄断所带来的威胁都被来自卡车的竞争给消除了。

3.But many shippers complain that for heavy bulk commodities traveling long distances, such as coal, chemicals, and grain, trucking is too costly and the railroads therefore have them by the throat.

但是很多货主却抱怨道对于需要长途运输的大宗商品，比如煤炭，化学品和粮食；有卡车运输就太贵了。这样一来铁路就卡住了他们的脖子。（这里是个比喻，表示这些货主受制于铁路行业）

According to those who support mergers, railway monopoly is unlikely because _____.

那些支持合并的人认为，铁路行业的垄断是不可能的，因为_____.

精确定位只能到第二句！第一句虽然也是支持合并的人的观点，但是没有谈到垄断啊！所以

[A] cost reduction is based on competition

（费用的降低是基于竞争的）

[B] services call for cross-trade coordination

（服务需要跨行业的协调）

A 和 B 我真的不会选！

对 D 选项我更是要呵呵了！

[D] shippers will have the railway by the throat

（货主将会卡住铁路的脖子）

且不说谁卡谁的脖子，定位就错了啊！问的是支持者的观点，第三句是货主的观点！

我肯定不会选！

但是我也知道大家在考场上还做不到第一步就能排除 ABD，

那我就只希望你们在最后选择的时候问一问自己：我有没有精确定位！我有没有尊重题干！

[C] outside competitors will continue to exist

直接对应第二句：competition from trucks= outside competitors

来积累个 AB 吧：

A 句：Any threat of monopoly, they argue, is removed by fierce competition from trucks.

B 句：According to those who support mergers, railway monopoly is unlikely because outside competitors will continue to exist

2018.10.7

今天的句子：

Tech nostalgia is an increasingly pronounced conceit, with the past swiftly turned into a commodity: obscure Nintendo 64 video games sell for big money, and dedicated YouTube channels allow fans to reminisce about 1990s hardware.

词汇突破

1.nostalgia 怀旧

2.pronounced 显著的

3.conceit 自负

4.swiftly 快速地

5.commodity 商品

6.obscure 朦胧的；晦涩的；无名的

7.reminisce 追忆

8.Nintendo 任天堂

确定主干：

Tech nostalgia is an increasingly pronounced conceit

切分成分：

1.with the past swiftly turned into a commodity 独立主格做状语

2.obscure Nintendo 64 video games sell for big money 同位语解释前面的内容。

3.and dedicated （定语）YouTube channels (that) allow fans to reminisce about 1990s hardware
（定语从句）同位语解释前面的内容。

参考译文：科技怀旧是一种越来越显著的傲娇，过往迅速成为商品：名不见经传的电动游戏任天堂 64 售价极高，YouTube 设有专门频道让粉丝追忆 20 世纪 90 年代的硬件。

思考题：

单独判断说实话因果关系不好判断，

但是你要知道：

the sense of nostalgia 其实就是等于：

with the past swiftly turned into a commodity

如果实在判断不出也不用担心，因为我们是在整体文章的背景下解题的

到了整体文章的背景之下。还是容易判断为正确的！

The old tech commodity gains new value owing to the sense of nostalgia

所以不用纠结对错，记住 nostalgia 就好！

2018.10.8

今天的句子：

But everybody knows Obama needs a liberal to stop the court from moving further to the right

than it already has under John Roberts, the present chief justice, a man more stealth-bomber than aircraft-carrier, whose professions of judicial modesty during his own confirmation hearings in 2005 gave little inkling of the controversial decisions over which he has since presided.

词汇突破：

1. a liberal 自由派的（法官）
（在不同的语境中可以是不同的自由派的人士）
2. the court 最高法院
3. moving further to the right 右倾
4. under somebody 在某人得领导下
5. stealth-bomber 隐形轰炸机
6. aircraft-carrier 航空母舰
7. profession 表达
8. judicial modesty 中庸的法学思想
9. confirmation hearings 就职确认听证会
10. A give little inkling of B A，万万没想到还有 B；
11. controversial 争议的
12. preside over 主持

确认主干：

But everybody knows+宾语从句

每个人都知道

切分成分+独立成句：

1. Obama needs a liberal to stop the court from moving further to the right

奥巴马需要一个自由派的法官来阻止法庭进一步的右倾。

2. than it already has under John Roberts

It=the court

The court has (moved to the right) under John Roberts.

Than 在这里就是一个连接词，可以不用翻译。

省略就是前文出现了同样的内容，后文就可以省略。是为了简洁，读者要有脑补的能力。

在 John Roberts 约翰.罗伯茨得领导下最高法院已经右倾了。

3. the present chief justice

John Roberts is the present chief justice.

约翰.罗伯茨是现任的首席大法官

4. a man more stealth-bomber than aircraft-carrier

John Roberts is a man more stealth-bomber than aircraft-carrier

more stealth-bomber than aircraft-carrier 后置定语修饰 man;

more ...than...

是...而不是...

约翰.罗伯茨是隐形轰炸机而不是航空母舰（比喻）

5. whose professions of judicial modesty during his own confirmation hearings in 2005 gave little inkling of the controversial decisions.

A gave little inkling of B

A 没有给出 B 的痕迹

A= whose professions of judicial modesty during his own confirmation

hearings in 2005

gave little inkling of 万万没想到（怎么样，翻译的怎么样？哈哈哈）

B= the controversial decisions over which he has since presided.

= He has since presided over the controversial decisions.

再将 A 和 B 独立成句：

A =whose professions of judicial modesty during his own confirmation

hearings in 2005

他在 2005 年自己的就职确认听证会表达了（professions 动态名词翻译为动词）

中庸的法学思想

B= He has since presided over the controversial decisions.

Since 在这里 since 是个副词，不是介词！

翻译为中文：从那以后；

从那以后，他做出了一系列有争议的决定。

调整语序：中文习惯先说原因，再说结果；先说次要，再说重要；

参考译文：约翰.罗伯茨是现任的首席大法官，他在 2005 年自己的就职确认听证会表达了中庸的法学思想，万万没想到，从那以后，他做出了一系列有争议的决定，（所以）约翰.罗伯茨是隐形轰炸机而不是航空母舰，在他的领导下最高法院已经右倾了，每个人都知道，奥巴马需要一个自由派的法官来阻止法庭进一步的右倾。

思考题：

Obama expressed his judicial modesty to the liberal of the court.

错误！拼凑！

2018.10.9

今天的句子：

频繁的全球人口迁移和高度发达的信息交流令二语习得这个课题越来越受到关注。教育学家曾经一致认为单语沉浸式学习是最有效的语言学习方式，但慢慢出现了一些不同的声音，认为双语环境下的学生比只接触单语的学生最后的语言水平更高。

词汇突破：

1.Exemption 豁免

2.Regardless of 不论

3.Segregate 隔离

4.Native 本土的

第一句：

Dual-language programs are one of the few exemptions allowed under a 15-year-old law that requires schools to teach all subjects to non-native speakers in English, regardless of whether they can speak the language.

主干识别：

Dual-language programs are one of the few exemptions

切分成分：

1.allowed under a 15-year-old law 定语

2. that requires schools to teach all subjects to non-native speakers in English, 定语从句

3. regardless of whether they can speak the language.状语

参考译文：

双语项目是一部有 15 年历史的法律所允许的少数例外之一。这部法律要求学校教授非本土

学生的所有科目都用英语，不管他们是否会说英语。

所以思考题：

思考题：

Schools are usually not allowed to teach non-native speaker students in other languages, according to a law.

根据一项法律，学校通常是不允许用其他语言教授英语为非母语的学生的。

所以这个思考题是正确！

第二句：

Yet a growing body of research has shown that English language learners in dual-language programs tend to achieve at higher rates than those in segregated programs, such as when students are taught only in their native language or just in English, as is the case in Massachusetts.

主干识别：

Yet a growing body of research has shown that...

切分成分：

1. English language learners in dual-language programs tend to achieve at higher rates than those in segregated programs, 宾语从句

2. such as when students are taught only in their native language or just in English, 同位语

3. as is the case in Massachusetts. 定语从句(...就是好的例子)

参考译文：

但越来越多的研究表明，参加双语项目的学生的成绩比那些隔离项目的学生要好。隔离项目的学生只学母语或只学英语，在马萨诸塞州就是这种情况。

2018.10.10

今天的句子：

Republican leaders abruptly pulled their overhaul of the nation's health-care system from the House floor on Friday, a dramatic defeat for President Trump and House Speaker Paul D. Ryan that leaves a major campaign promise unfulfilled and casts doubt on the Republican Party's ability to govern.

词汇突破：

1. Abruptly 突然地；意外地

2. Overhaul 大修；改革

3. Dramatic 戏剧性的；重大的

4. Unfulfilled 未兑现的；未实现的

5. Cast doubt on 引起怀疑

6. Govern 治理；执政

7. campaign promise 竞选承诺

识别主干：

Republican leaders abruptly pulled their overhaul of the nation's health-care system from the House floor on Friday

切成成分+独立成句：

1. a dramatic defeat for President Trump and House Speaker Paul D. Ryan 同位语

= This is a dramatic defeat for President Trump and House Speaker Paul D. Ryan

(this= 句子)

2. that leaves a major campaign promise unfulfilled and casts doubt on the Republican Party's ability to govern. 定语从句

That= defeat

参考译文：共和党领导人周五突然从众议院撤回旨在改革全国医保系统的法案。这对特朗普总统和众议院议长保罗·瑞恩来说堪称重挫，这个大选时作出的重要承诺未能兑现，令共和党的执政能力受到质疑。

思考题：

President Trump once promised the reform on nation's health-care system.

特朗普总统曾经承诺对国家健康医疗系统进行改革。（正确）

特朗普还遇到了一件打脸的事情

今年5月31日，特朗普在讲话中提出，“一些大型连锁药店将在两周内宣布…自愿性的大幅降价。”

一个月后，药品价格确实发生变化，变得更贵了！

7月1日起，辉瑞旗下100种药品涨价，提价幅度略高于9%；

Acella 提高了公司20种药品价格；

Accorda 将旗下硬化症药物 Ampyra 提价 9.5%；

Intercept 将旗下治疗肝脏的药物 Ocaliva 提价 7%。

改天我们必须再来聊一下美国医药行业的事，先让出题人安静的出题。

2018.10.11

今天的题目：2007 第二篇文章！

The defining term of intelligence in humans still seems to be the IQ score, even though IQ tests are not given as often as they used to be. The test comes primarily in two forms: the Stanford-Binet Intelligence Scale and the Wechsler Intelligence Scales (both come in adult and children's version). Generally costing several hundred dollars, they are usually given only by psychologists, although variations of them populate bookstores and the World Wide Web. Superhigh scores like vos Savant's are no longer possible, because scoring is now based on a statistical population distribution among age peers, rather than simply dividing the mental age by the chronological age and multiplying by 100. Other standardized tests, such as the Scholastic Assessment Test (SAT) and the Graduate Record Exam (GRE), capture the main aspects of IQ tests.

思考题：

28. People nowadays can no longer achieve IQ scores as high as vos Savant's because

[A] the scores are obtained through different computational procedures.

[B] creativity rather than analytical skills is emphasized now.

[C] vos Savant's case is an extreme one that will not repeat.

[D] the defining characteristic of IQ tests has changed.

今天题目解析：

1. The defining term of intelligence in humans still seems to be the IQ score, even though IQ tests are not given as often as they used to be.

（人类智商依然是用 IQ 分数来定义的智商，即使智商测试不如之前用的那样频繁了。）

（所以对于智商的 defining term 没有发生改变，也就意味着你即使定位到第一句 D 选项也不对！何况不应该定位到第一句！好好看后面的解析！）

2.The test comes primarily in two forms: the Stanford-Binet Intelligence Scale and the Wechsler Intelligence Scales (both come in adult and children's version).

3. Generally costing several hundred dollars, they are usually given only by psychologists, although variations of them populate bookstores and the World Wide Web.

4. Superhigh scores like vos Savant's are no longer possible, because scoring is now based on a statistical population distribution among age peers, rather than simply dividing the mental age by the chronological age and multiplying by 100.

5. Other standardized tests, such as the Scholastic Assessment Test (SAT) and the Graduate Record Exam (GRE), capture the main aspects of IQ tests.

28. People nowadays can no longer achieve IQ scores as high as vos Savant's because

[A] the scores are obtained through different computational procedures.

[B] creativity rather than analytical skills is emphasized now.

[C] vos Savant's case is an extreme one that will not repeat.

[D] the defining characteristic of IQ tests has changed.

精确定位：

说了很多次的定位，但是大家还是会难免忘记，不然为什么考研需要这么长的时间准备呢？准备的过程就是把这种反应变为自然反应的过程。

题干问的非常明确：People nowadays can no longer achieve IQ scores as high as vos Savant's because（现在人们再也没办法得到像 vos Savant's 那样的高分了，原因是什么？）

那根据这句话就只能定位到第四句，你看其他句就属于定位错误！问哪里你就找哪里！

其他句子都没有提及原因，所以这句话是唯一的“线索句”，也就是“答案来源句”！

切分第四句：

Superhigh scores like vos Savant's are no longer possible,

=People nowadays can no longer achieve IQ scores as high as vos Savant's

后半句就是原因：

because scoring is now based on a statistical population distribution among age peers, rather than simply dividing the mental age by the chronological age and multiplying by 100.

来，给大家展示一下同义替换的过程：

简化这个句子：

Because scoring is now based on A rather than (on) B.

因为分数现在是基于 A 而不是基于 B.

A= a statistical population distribution among age peers

B= simply dividing the mental age by the chronological age and multiplying by 100

因为 rather than（而不是），所以 A 和 B 能看懂一个，就能反推另一个，

对大多数同学来讲，A 是看不懂得。

B 中能看的懂得是：dividing 除；multiplying 乘；

所以在也就是计算过程发生了改变：computational procedures

Rather than 就表明了：Different

The scores are obtained... = scoring is now based on...

[A] the scores are obtained through different computational procedures.

所以 A 选项就是正确答案；其他选项都是定位错误！

2018.10.12

今天的句子：

Although the Supreme Court of the United States had prohibited intentional racial discrimination in jury selection as early as the 1880 case of Strauder v. West Virginia, the practice of selecting so

called elite or blue ribbon juries provided a convenient way around this and other antidiscrimination laws.

你首先切成这样：

- 1 . although as early as the 1880 case of Strauder v. West Virginia
- 2 . the Supreme Court of the United States had prohibited intentional racial discrimination in jury selection
- 3 . the practice of selecting so called elite or blue ribbon juries
- 4 . provided a convenient way
- 5 . around this and other antidiscrimination laws

然后再一句句的翻译：

- 1 . although as early as the 1880 case of Strauder v. West Virginia

虽然早在 1880 年的西方 Strauder v. West Virginia 案例中，

- 2 . the Supreme Court of the United States had prohibited intentional racial discrimination in jury selection

美国的最高法院就已经阻止在选举陪审团时存在有意识的种族歧视

- 3 . the practice of selecting so called elite or blue ribbon juries

选举中所谓的精英或 blue ribbon （一看就是习惯用法不认识！）的惯例。

（blue-ribbon adj. 第一流的，特选的

在十四、十五世纪人们对于在某种竞技或决斗中获胜者的奖励便是给其佩戴一条蓝色的缎带，于是便出现了 blue ribbon 这一短语。后来又专用这一短语来比喻"优秀，一流"之意。）

- 4 . provided a convenient way

提供了一条方便的路

- 5 . around this and other antidiscrimination laws

绕开这种或者另外的反歧视的法律

参考译文：

虽然早在 1880 年的西方 Strauder v. West Virginia 案例中，美国的最高法院就已经阻止在选举陪审团时存在有意识的种族歧视，选举中所谓的精英陪审团的惯例却提供了一条方便之路，绕开了这种或者另外的反种族歧视法。（也就是说种族歧视在陪审团制度中依然存在！）

实战中的句子就该这样读！

今天的句子：背背背！

Proficiency in anything requires a great deal of determination and self discipline. In addition, a person's ability to cope with frustration is also a critical factor in one's life career.

要精通任何事情都需要极大的决心和自律精神。此外，一个人应对挫折的能力也是影响他一生事业的一个重要因素。

我们接着昨天的聊。

考研英语阅读一定要有定位的意识！

答案一定是从原文中找出来的！

找的就是线索句，也就是有资格和选项进行比对句子。

把原文中的线索句和（题干）+选项进行比对的

（记住有时选项不是一个完整的句子，和题干连在一起才是完整的句子。一定要补全！）

你看这个题：（2002 年第二篇文章第三题）

According to the text, what is beyond man's ability now is to design a robot that can _____.

[A] fulfill delicate tasks like performing brain surgery

[B] interact with human beings verbally

[C] have a little common sense

[D] respond independently to a changing world

你只有把题干和选项放在一起才能知道问的是人啊！

“超越了人类能力的事情是设计出一款能做_____的机器人。”

=现在的机器人还不能做什么！

所以得选一个机器人还不能做的事情！

返回原文找到：

we can't yet give a robot enough 'common sense' to reliably interact with a dynamic world.

所以答案选哪个？

再看另一个题：（2016 年第二篇文章第一题，把书打开看，别懒！）

Britain's public sentiment about the countryside _____.

[A] didn't start till the Shakespearean age

[B] has brought much benefit to the NHS

[C] is fully backed by the royal family

[D] is not well reflected in politics

英国人关于乡村的情感_____

原文中 This has limited political support

This= Britain's public sentiment about the countryside

你这样就很好选择了吧！

2018.10.13

今天的句子：

We need to explore the experience of deep emotional connection, belonging, compensation for shame and humiliation, and purpose and mission in life – the sense of finally living a life of glory and strength and power – that provides the emotional nutrients that generate a breeding ground for young men eager and energized to prove their manhood.

词汇突破：

1. belonging 归属感
2. shame and humiliation 羞耻感
3. purpose and mission 目标和使命
4. glory 荣耀 The glory of kings (王者荣耀)
5. the emotional nutrients 情感的养分

主干识别：

We need to explore the experience (of deep emotional connection, belonging, compensation for shame and humiliation, and purpose and mission in life 定语)

切分成分：

1. – the sense of finally living a life of glory and strength and power – (同位语) =the experience
2. that provides the emotional nutrients for young men eager and energized to prove their manhood 定语从句
3. that generate a breeding ground 定语从句

参考译文：我们需要探寻一些经历，它们能带来深刻的情感联结、归属感，补偿羞耻感，给生活以使命和目标——也就是那种终于过上了充满荣耀、力量和权势的日子的感觉。这些情感养料能为急切想要证实男子气概的少年营造成长的基础。

思考题：

The young man's growth of manhood needs the experience of deep emotional connection.

青年男子汉气概的成长需要深刻的情感联系的体验。

所以这个说法是正确的！

2018.10.14

今天的句子：

So we steadily adjusted our conclusions. We ended up convinced that the national prospect is more promising than we'd felt before we started—full of possibilities that the bleak trench warfare of national politics inevitably obscures.

思考题：

We still doubt that the national future is better than we have expected.

第一句：

So we steadily adjusted our conclusions.

词汇突破：

steadily 稳定地；一直地

adjust 调整

conclusion 总结

参考译文：所以我们一直在调整结论。

第二句：

We ended up convinced that the national prospect is more promising than we'd felt before we started—full of possibilities that the bleak trench warfare of national politics inevitably obscures.

词汇突破：

还记得 end up 吗！！！快去翻看笔记！！！

1.end up doing sth or end up in a particular state: 表示你虽然开始没有意图，但最终做了某事或达到了某种状态

2.prospect 前景

3.promising 有希望的

4.bleak 惨淡的

5.trench warfare 堑壕战

6.inevitably 不可避免地

7.obscure 掩盖；使……模糊不清

主干识别：

We ended up convinced …最后我们确信……

切分成分：

1.that the national prospect is more promising than…

美国的前景比……更加光明

2.(省略了 what) we'd felt before we started (比较状语从句) 把 national prospect 和开始时的感受作比较

比我们开始前感觉到的

3.full of possibilities: 新闻为了简介，省略的魂飞魄散；

补全：the national prospect is full of possibilities

充满着各种各样的可能

4.that the bleak trench warfare of national politics inevitably obscures(定语从句): 什么样的可能

That= possibilities

the bleak trench warfare of national politics inevitably obscures (possibilities)

那些惨淡的政治堑壕战不可避免地模糊了这些可能性。

参考译文：最后我们确信，与开始前的感觉相比，美国的前景更加光明——充满着各种各样的可能，虽然惨淡的政治堑壕战不可避免地模糊了它们。

思考题：

We still doubt that the national future is better than we have expected.

所以这个说法是不对的，文章中已经说了我们最后相信了，而不是 doubt（不相信）。

2018.10.15

今天的句子：

Although he had little else to offer patients besides the lifestyle remedies of the Greeks, melancholia was finally thought to be at least partly biological. In subsequent years, everything from herbal remedies to opium to music therapy to spinning stools designed to make people too dizzy to feel pain fell in and out of vogue.

思考题：

We can learn from the passage that ____ .

(A) herbal remedies were once in fashion to control melancholia

(B) there are many therapies to heal and cure melancholia

(C) the Greeks finally found melancholia to be physical disease

(D) the opium used to be used to cure the melancholia

词汇突破：

lifestyle 生活方式

remedy 治疗

melancholia 忧郁

subsequent 接下来的

herbal 草药的

opium 鸦片

spinning stool 旋转凳

vogue 流行

第一句：

确定主干：

melancholia was finally thought to be at least partly biological.

切分成分：

Although he had little else to offer patients besides the lifestyle remedies of the Greeks 让步状语从句

第二句：

确定主干：everything fell in and out of vogue.

切分成分：

In subsequent years 时间状语

from herbal remedies to opium to music therapy to spinning stools 列举，“from...to...to”结构

designed to make people too dizzy to feel pain 后置定语，“too...to”太而不能

参考译文：虽然他除了希腊人的生活方式疗法之外就没有什么可以提供给病人，但忧郁终于

被认为至少部分源于生理。接下来的数年，从草药、鸦片、音乐疗法到旋转凳所有那些旨在让人因头晕目眩而无法觉察痛楚的潮流时兴时衰。

解析：

We can learn from the passage that_____.

(A) herbal remedies were once in fashion to control melancholia

Fashion=vogue

原文：herbal remedies fell in of vogue.

选项：herbal remedies were once in fashion

control = 治疗！

所以 A 就是正确答案！

(B) there are many therapies to heal and cure melancholia

Heal 和 cure 不对，没有说这些治疗手段能治愈抑郁症。

(C) the Greeks finally found melancholia to be physical disease

翻译：希腊人最终发现抑郁症是生理疾病；

这个发现不是希腊人做出来的，所以排除！

(D) the opium used to be used to cure the melancholia

Used to be used = 过去被用，而现在不被用；

原文说的是鸦片治疗抑郁症过去流行过，现在不流行了。

而不是说不用了。

当然 cure 这个词用的也不准确。

你要服气！